Your Conversation Starter Kit

The Conversation Project is dedicated to helping people talk about their wishes for end-of-life care.

We know that no guide and no single conversation can cover all the decisions that you and your family may face. What a conversation can do is provide a shared understanding of what matters most to you and your loved ones. This can make it easier to make decisions when the time comes.





This Starter Kit doesn't answer every question, but it will help you get your thoughts together, and then have the conversation with your loved ones.

You can use it whether you are getting ready to tell someone else what you want, or you want to help someone else get ready to share their wishes.

Take your time. This kit is not meant to be completed in one sitting. It's meant to be completed as you need it, throughout many conversations.

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Step 1: Get Ready

There are a million reasons to avoid having the conversation. But it's critically important. And you can do it.

Consider the facts.

60% of people say that making sure their family is not burdened by tough decisions is "extremely important"

56% have not communicated their end-of-life wishes

Source: Survey of Californians by the California HealthCare Foundation (2012)

70% of people say they prefer to die at home

70% die in a hospital, nursing home, or long-term-care facility

Source: Centers for Disease Control (2005)

80% of people say that if seriously ill, they would want to talk to their doctor about end-of-life care

7% report having had an end-of-life conversation with their doctor

Source: Survey of Californians by the California HealthCare Foundation (2012)

82% of people say it's important to put their wishes in writing

23% have actually done it

Source: Survey of Californians by the California HealthCare Foundation (2012)

One conversation can make all the difference.

Remem	ber:
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- You don't need to talk about it just yet. Just think about it.
- You can start out by writing a letter—to yourself, a loved one, or a friend.
- Think about having a practice conversation with a friend.
- These conversations may reveal that you and your loved ones disagree. **That's okay.** It's important to simply know this, and to continue talking about it now—not during a medical crisis.

What do you need	d to think about or	do before you fe	el ready to have	the conversatio	n?

Step 2: Get Set

Now, think about what you want for end-of-life care.

What matters to me is _____.

Start by thinking about what's most important to you. What do you value most? What can you not imagine living without?

Now finish this sentence:

What matters to me at the end of life is

Sharing your "What matters to me" statement with your loved ones could be a big help down the road. It could help them communicate to your doctor what abilities are most important to you—what's worth pursuing treatment for, and what isn't.

Where I Stand scales

Use the scales below to figure out how you want your end-of-life care to be.

Circle the number that best represents your feelings on the given scenario.

As a patient...

1	2	3	4	5
l only want to know the basics				l want to know as much as l can
1 Ignorance is bliss	2	3	4	5 I want to know how long I have to live
1 I want my doctors to do what they think is best	2	3	4	5 I want to have a say in every decision

Look at your answe What kind of role do y		in the decision-mak	ing process?	
How long do you w	ant to receive	medical care?		
1	2	3	4	5
I want to live as long as possible, no matter what				Quality of life is more important to me than quantity
1	2	3	4	5
I'm worried that I won't get enough care				I'm worried that I'll get overly aggressive care
1	2	3	4	5
I wouldn't mind being cared for in a nursing facility				Living independently is a huge priority for me
Look at your answe	ers.			
What do you notice ab	oout the kind of	care you want to red	ceive?	

How involved do you	i want your i	oved ones to be?		
1	2	3	4	5
I want my loved ones to do exactly what I've said, even if it makes them a little uncomfortable at first				I want my loved ones to do what brings them peace, even if it goes against what I've said
1 When the time comes, I want to be alone	2	3	4	5 I want to be surrounded by my loved ones
1	2	3	4	5
I don't want my loved ones to know everything about my health				I am comfortable with those close to me knowing everything about my health
What role do you wa know what you wan	-		-	hat your loved ones
What do you feel are family and/or doctor	s to underst	and about your w	ishes for en	d-of-life care?
2				
3				

Step 3: Go

When you're ready to have the conversation, think about the basics.

Mark	all that apply:		
Who	do you want to talk to? \	Who do you trust to speak for	you?
	Mom Dad Child/Children	Partner/Spouse Minister/Priest/Rabbi Friend	DoctorCaregiverOther:
Whe	n would be a good time the next big holiday At Sunday dinner Before my kid goes to college	to talk? Before my next big trip Before I get sick again Before the baby arrives	Other:
Whe	re would you feel comfo At the kitchen table At a cozy café or restaurant On a long drive	ortable talking? On a walk or hike Sitting in a garden or park At my place of worship	Other:
	t do you want to be sure I wrote down your three m		of Step 2, you can use those here.

How to start

Here are some ways you could break the ice:

9	"I need your help with something."
4	Remember how someone in the family died—was it a "good" death or a "hard" death? How will yours be different?
9	"I was thinking about what happened to, and it made me realize"
9	"Even though I'm okay right now, I'm worried that, and I want to be prepared.
=	"I need to think about the future. Will you help me?"
7	"I just answered some questions about how I want the end of my life to be. I want you to see my answers. And I'm wondering what your answers would be."
What	to talk about
	When you think about the last phase of your life, what's most important to you? How would you like this phase to be?
	Do you have any particular concerns about your health? About the last phase of your life?
	Who do you want (or not want) to be involved in your care? Who would you like to make decisions on your behalf if you're not able to? (This person is your health care proxy.)
	Would you prefer to be actively involved in decisions about your care? Or would you rather have your doctors do what they think is best?
	Are there any disagreements or family tensions that you're concerned about?
	Are there circumstances that you would consider worse than death? (Long-term need of a breathing machine or feeding tube, not being able to recognize your loved ones)
	Are there important milestones you'd like to meet if possible? (The birth of your grandchild, your 80th birthday)

	doesn't cover everything you may need to think about, but it's a good place to start. your doctor or nurse if you're looking for more end-of-life care questions.
	What affairs do you need to get in order, or talk to your loved ones about? (Personal finances, property, relationships)
ا	When would it be okay to shift from a focus on curative care to a focus on comfort care alone?
	What kinds of aggressive treatment would you want (or not want)? (Resuscitation if your heart stops, breathing machine, feeding tube)
	Where do you want (or not want) to receive care? (Home, nursing facility, hospital)

Remember:

- Be patient. Some people may need a little more time to think.
- You don't have to steer the conversation; just let it happen.
- Don't judge. A "good" death means different things to different people.
- Nothing is set in stone. You and your loved ones can always change your minds as circumstances shift.
- Every attempt at the conversation is valuable.
- This is the first of many conversations—you don't have to cover everyone or everything right now.

Now, just go for it!

Each conversation will empower you and your loved ones. You are getting ready to help each other live and die in a way that you choose.

Step 4: Keep Going

Congratulations!

Now that you have had the conversation, here are some legal and medical documents you should know about. Use them to record your wishes so they can be honored when the time comes.

- **Health Care Planning (ACP):** the process of thinking about your wishes—exactly what you have been working on here.
- **Advance Directive (AD):** a document that describes your wishes.
- **Health Care Proxy (HCP):** identifies your health care agent (often called a "proxy"), the person you trust to act on your behalf if you are unable to make health care decisions or communicate your wishes. In some states, this is called the Durable Power of Attorney for Health Care. This is probably the most important document. Make sure you have many conversations with your proxy.
- Living Will: specifies which medical treatments you want or don't want at the end of your life, or if you are no longer able to make decisions on your own (e.g. in a coma).

You can find more information about these documents from the link in the "Keep Going" section of the website Starter Kit at www.TheConversationProject.org.

Remember, this was the first of many conversations.

You can use the questions below to collect your thoughts about how your first talk went, and then look back to them when you prepare for future conversations.

Is there something you need to clarify that you feel was misunderstood or misinterpreted?	

-	nt to talk to next tim ne (like siblings who d		ple who should hear th verything)?	nings
	nversation make you ant your loved ones t		ou want to remember?	•
/hat do you w	ant to make sure to a	sk or talk about	next time?	
/e hone vou will	share this Starter Kit witl	others You have h	helped us get one convers	ation
	: that everyone's end-of-l			acion